# Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #32

## **FOCUS** Short Superlative Modifiers

A **short superlative modifier** uses "\_\_est" for a one-syllable modifier to compare three or more things.

Example: big-biggest

### **CONNECT TO WRITING**

A modifier describes the meaning of another word or words and makes it more specific or limits its meaning or meanings.

**Example:** I ate the *big* piece. The word *big* is a modifier, making *piece* more specific. Use "est" for a one-syllable modifier to compare three or more things.

Some two-syllable superlative modifiers use "\_\_est" and some use *most (least)*. If adding "\_\_est" sounds strange, use *most (least)* instead.

**Examples:** easy—easiest or gracious—most or least gracious

Avoid the common mistake of using superlative adjectives to compare only two things.

**Example:** Problem-Of the two basketball players, James is the *most* improved.

Solution-Of the two basketball players, James is the *more* improved

These superlative modifiers are irregular.

Single Modifier	Comparative	Superlative
good/well	better	best
bad/badly	worse	worst (not worstest)
much/many	more	most

#### **PRACTICE**

Cross out any misused superlative modifiers, and write the correct word above each error.

- 1. The quicker sprinter of the three was Carl Lewis.
- 2. Comparing the red and green apples, the red ones are the most desired.
- 3. He chose the bigger piece of the whole cherry pie.
- 4. Among Reba, Jim, and Antoinette, Reba is the better student.

### **WRITE**

Write your own sentence with an "est" modifier. Use no modifiers found on this we	orksheet.

# Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #34

# **FOCUS** Long and "\_ly" Superlative Modifiers

Both **long** and "\_\_ly" **superlative modifiers** use *most (least)* for a three-syllable or longer modifier to compare three or more things.

**Example:** wonderful—*most* or *least* wonderful

#### **CONNECT TO WRITING**

A modifier describes the meaning of another word or words and makes it more specific or limits its meaning or meanings.

**Example:** I ate the *delicious* cake. The word *delicious* is a modifier, making *cake* more specific.

Some long superlative modifiers are adjectives. Some long comparative modifiers are adjectives. Adjectives modify a proper noun, a common noun, or a pronoun and answer Which one? How many? or What kind?

**Example:** intelligent—Of the many *intelligent* men in the group, he was the *most intelligent*.

Some long comparative modifiers are adverbs. Adverbs modify a verb or another adverb and answer What degree? How? Where? or When? Use *more* or *less* for adverbs ending in "\_\_ly." **Example:** angrily—Of the three arguing *angrily*—she argued *most angrily*.

#### **PRACTICE**

Cross out any misused superlative modifiers, and write the correct form above each error. If the sentence is correctly written, leave as is.

- 1. This boy is the more considerate one in the group.
- 2. That is the less specifically planned stop of our whole vacation.
- 3. Of all the pilots, he more carefully practiced his take-offs.
- 4. You more understood the problem than any student in the class.
- 5. Of the four possible backpack treks, this is the simpliest planned hike.
- 6. That airline is the less frequently on-time airline of all United States airlines.

### **WRITE**

Write your own sentence with a three-syllable *most* modifier. Use no modifiers found on this worksheet.

# **Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet Answers**

## Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #31 Practice Answers

1. closer 2. harder 3. more 4. worse 5. happier

## Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #32 Practice Answers

1. quickest 2. more 3. biggest 4. best

### Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #33 Practice Answers

- 1. more (less) difficult 2. more outstanding 3. more (less) incredible
- 4. more ridiculous 5. more (less) suspiciously 6. more (less) suspected 7. more (less) nervously

## Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #34 Practice Answers

- 1. most considerate 2. least specifically 3. most carefully 4. most understood
- 5. most simply 6. least frequently

### Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #35 Practice Answers

was <u>LV</u>; had <u>HV</u> told; were <u>HV</u> going; did <u>HV</u> not turn <u>LV</u>; to be <u>LV</u>; would <u>HV</u> not have <u>HV</u> lied; felt <u>LV</u>; had <u>HV</u>; would <u>HV</u> be <u>LV</u>; seems <u>LV</u>; should <u>HV</u> find

### Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #36 Practice Answers

- 1. permission 2. possibility 3. requirement 4. need 5. expectation 6. ability
- 7. advice

### Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #37 Practice Answers

- 1. Penny helped at the senior center after school. 2. Cowboys roped and branded their cattle.
- 3. That radio station <u>played</u> all of my favorite songs. 4. Tamesia <u>touched</u> her left cheek every time she raised her hand in class.

### Grammar, Usage, and Mechanics Worksheet #38 Practice Answers

- 1. Larry <u>was enjoying</u> the beautiful sunsets at the beach. 2. They <u>were expecting</u> a lot of money for their used car. 3. Her friends <u>were sleeping</u> in the living room when the fire alarm sounded.
- 4. Rosie was going to the movies.