TEACHING READING STRATEGIES

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ASSESSMENT AND PRACTICE



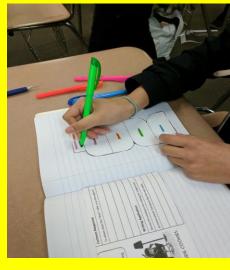
COMPREHENSIVE READING INTERVENTION PROGRAM













54 illustrated phonics books

Decodable text with heart words, word fluency timings, comprehension questions

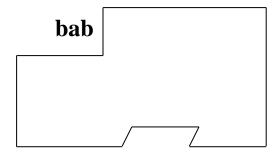
Ages 8- Adult

Syllable Worksheets

The syllable worksheets will help your students practice and internalize the key syllable rules. First, complete the oral response drill, and then assign students the worksheets to complete on their own. Upon completion, have the students self-correct from the answer display to learn from their own mistakes.

Preparation

A doc camera is required for the oral response drill. Cut out a card from black construction paper with one corner cut off as a rectangle to isolate each word part. Also cut a bottom flap to easily slide the card. Make several of these cards.



Oral Response Drill and Syllable Worksheets Directions

- 1. Read and explain the syllable rule.
- 2. Using the answer sheet as a guide, isolate each syllable on the display. Students say the word part, as soon as the syllable is isolated on the display. Remind students to "Don't shout, but don't whisper. Use your six-inch voices." Use the whole class responses to adjust to the correct pronunciation, as necessary.
- 3. Prompt by saying, "Blend" as you slide your hand from left to right under the projected word. Students blend the syllables. If some students incorrectly pronounce the word, say, "Adjust" and let the dominate voices of the class teach those who mispronounced the word.
- 4. Prompt by saying, "Snap and clap" and lead students in snapping on the unaccented syllables and clapping on the primary accent syllable.
- 5. Students apply the syllable rule to divide the words into syllables with / marks. Students also write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.
- 6. Upon completion, display the answers. Students self-correct and revise their answers.

Closed Syllable Division Worksheet #1

Closed Syllable Rule: A vowel before a syllable-ending consonant (VC) is usually short. This pattern is called a *closed syllable*. The syllable following begins with a consonant.

Examples: mas/cot, bas/ket

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. napkin	2. pencil	3. fidget
4. picnic	5. contest	6. bandit
7. atlas	8. invented	9. insult
10. plastic	11. sandwich	12. hundred
13. monster	14. trumpet	15. insect
16. fantastic	17. splendid	18. cactus
19. magnet	20. canyon	21. actress
22. quintet	23. kidnap	24. locker
25. pumpkin	26. subtract	27. frantic

Closed Syllable Division Worksheet #2

•	rel before a syllable-ending consonant (ble. The syllable following begins with	•
	Unjumble these words in the spaces process. Then, write the accent mark (') ab	
1. padnik		
2. aaitfatsc		
3. wcdsnhai		
4. tbstcrua		
5. uinpmpk		
Nonsense Words Directions: according to the syllable rule.	: Carefully divide these nonsense word	s into syllables with / marks,
6.latchlen		
7. c a m b l u n d		
8. restbilt		
9. thichestel		
10. b o d i f l e n t		
Book Search Directions: Fin part.	d four two-syllable words that have clo	osed syllables for each word
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	p	p

Open Syllable Division Worksheet #3

Open Syllable Rule: A vowel at the end of a syllable (CV) usually has a long vowel sound. This pattern is called an *open syllable*. The syllable following begins with a consonant.

Example: be/low

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. lazy

2. photo

3. freebie

4. ego

5. ivy

6. hobo

7. tepee

8. decay

9. spicy

10. slowly

11. payee

12. gravy

13. zero

14. pastry

15. solo

16. cocoa

17. slimy

18. cutie

19. reply

20. halo

21. repay

22. shady

23. deny

24. veto

25. tasty

26. below

27. trophy

Open Syllable Division Worksheet #4

Open Syllable Rule: A vowel at the end of a syllable (CV) usually has a long vowel sound. Thi pattern is called an <i>open syllable</i> . The syllable following begins with a consonant. Example: be/low
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.
1. opoth
2. msyli
3. biefree
4. hyprot
5. atspyr
Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks according to the syllable rule.
6. g l o w l y
7. triplay
8. m s s h i l e e
9. t r a d y b y
10. strilube a
Book Search Directions: Find four two-syllable words that have open syllables for each word part.
Book Titles:

Silent Final e Syllable Division Worksheet #5

Silent Final *e* **Syllable Rule:** The silent final *e* makes the vowel before a long sound, if only one consonant sound is between the two (VCe). **Example:** late/ly.

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. basement 2. obese 3. fading

4. scenery 5. hateful 6. compete

7. lively 8. decode 9. enshrine

10. lonely 11. glided 12. misquoted

13. release 14. muting 15. salesman

16. misused 17. female 18. bakery

19. received 20. supremely 21. dining

22. bridegroom 23. midwife 24. dispute

25. compote 26. excitement 27. dislocated

Silent Final *e* Syllable Division Worksheet #6

Silent Final *e* **Syllable Rule:** The silent final *e* makes the vowel before a long sound, if only one consonant sound is between the two (VCe). **Example:** late/ly.

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. nheesirn		-
2. eevericd		
3. ceryesn		
4. omoedbgirr		
5. sdetiloacd		
Nonsense Words Directions according to the syllable rule.	: Carefully divide these nonsense wo	ords into syllables with / marks
6. plamement		
7. litesine		
8. streeblete		
9. anesplume		
10. r o n e b r u t e f u 1		
Book Search Directions: Fir	ad four silent final e words.	
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	_	

Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet #7

Vowel Teams Syllable Rule: Usually keep vowel teams together in the same syllable. **Example:** beau/ty.

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. ownership	2. throughout	3. awful
4. eyebrows	5. ointment	6. cautiousness
7. howling	8. weighty	9. afterthought
10. roughly	11. receipt	12. boastful
13. rooster	14. cheapskate	15. undergoes
16. wooden	17. between	18. rainfall
19. greatest	20. mischief	21. spraying
22. deathlike	23. friendship	24. sleighing
25. fruitful	26. fewest	27. keystroke

Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet #8

Vowel Teams Syllable Rule: U Example: beau/ty.	Jsually keep vowel teams together	in the same syllable.
	njumble these words in the spaces packs. Then, write the accent mark (')	
1. yhurlog _		-
2. lgishegin _		-
3. spahceteka _		-
4. ueogdnrse _		-
5. toisuylacu _		-
Nonsense Words Directions: 0 according to the syllable rule.	Carefully divide these nonsense wo	ords into syllables with / marks,
6. steathent		
7. taisween		
8. clowlief		
9. troiblein		
10. b o u g h l a w z l y		
Book Search Directions: Find word parts.	four two-syllable words that have	vowel teams in one of the
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	p.	p.

r - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet #9

r – *controlled* **Vowels Syllable Rule:** Keep the *r* – *controlled* vowels in the same syllable. The *r* changes the pronunciation of a connected vowel. **Examples: One sound** /r/– stretch/**er**, whir/ring, ur/gent, cour/age; **Two sounds** /air/– hair/net, wear/ing, heir/loom, bare/ly; **Two sounds** /or/– ac/tor, re/store, di/no/saur, back/court; **Two sounds** /eer/– ear/ring, cheer/ful **Two sounds** /oo/– tour/ist, pure/ly; **Three sounds** /our/– hour/ly

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. argument	2. artistic	3. burglar
4. perspiration	5. erratic	6. admirer
7. circumvent	8. surname	9. tornado
10. format	11. terrain	12. firmly
13. absurd	14. urgently	15. sulfur
16. erroneous	17. cigarette	18. murmur
19. stirring	20. herder	21. curtain
22. squirming	23. virtual	24. charmer
25. enormous	26. immortal	27. uncertainty

r - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet #10

r – *controlled* **Vowels Syllable Rule:** Keep the *r* – *controlled* vowels in the same syllable. The *r* changes the pronunciation of a connected vowel. **Examples: One sound** /r/– stretch/er, whir/ring, ur/gent, cour/age; **Two sounds** /air/– hair/net, wear/ing, heir/loom, bare/ly; **Two sounds** /or/– ac/tor, re/store, di/no/saur, back/court; **Two sounds** /eer/– ear/ring, cheer/ful **Two sounds** /oo/– tour/ist, pure/ly; **Three sounds** /our/– hour/ly

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. canrtui		
2. uusflr		
3. uricevment		
4. roetrrste		
5. agtetred		
Nonsense Words Directions according to the syllable rule.	: Carefully divide these nonsense wo	rds into syllables with / marks,
6.larclun		
7. senterment		
8. slanbirge		
9. o r s h a m b e		
10. dourleelster		
Book Search Directions: Fire	nd four two-syllable words which inc	lude an r – $controlled$ vowel.
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	n	n

Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet #11

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When two consonants come between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph (ch, sh, wh, th) and usually keep blends together e.g., bl, br, sw. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their roots when the roots end in d or t. Examples: din/ner, com/mit/ted, latch/key con/fessed.

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. extended	2. stopping	3. stutter
4. sincerely	5. typhoid	6. sluggishly
7. important	8. permitted	9. forgotten
10. starvation	11. substantial	12. readmitted
13. bookworm	14. seamstress	15. kidnapped
16. starring	17. imprinted	18. astonished
19. discussed	20. splitting	21. fitness
22. madness	23. gladden	24. stirring
25. shipment	26. presentation	27. hiccupped

Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet #12

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When two consonants come between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph (*ch*, *sh*, *wh*, *th*) and usually keep blends together e.g., *bl*, *br*, *sw*. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their roots when the roots end in *d* or *t*.

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ([/]) above the primary vowel

Examples: din/ner, com/mit/ted, latch/key con/fessed.

accent.	• •	
1. nitrasrg		
2. escosdisd		
3. trgooftne		
4. edaitmtder		
5. pcucihpde		
Nonsense Words Directions according to the syllable rule.	: Carefully divide these nonsense wor	rds into syllables with / marks
6. d e w a p p i n g		
7. ettenbond		
8. strimmied		
9. thrunnerd		
10. c l o g g e s t		
Book Search Directions: Fir	nd four words which have double cons	sonants before the suffix.
Book Titles:		
	p	p

p.___

Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet #13

Inflected Endings Syllable Rule: Inflected endings change the grammar or add to the meaning of a word. English has very few inflected endings compared to most other languages. **Examples:** wait – wait/**ing,** read – read/**er** (one who reads)

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. radios	2. diskette	3. virtuous
4. rodeos	5. possessed	6. misbehavior
7. superheroes	8. undertaking	9. bereavement
10. midwives	11. written	12. neighborhood
13. buddies	14. microscope	15. repulsion
16. monkeys	17. Middleville	18. mutation
19. eyebrows	20. sealant	21. furious
22. couches	23. inventor	24. wisdom
25. infatuated	26. actress	27. unkindest

Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet #14

Inflected Endings Syllable Rule: Inflected endings change the grammar or add to the meaning of a word. English has very few inflected endings compared to most other languages. **Examples:** wait – wait/**ing**, read – read/**er** (one who reads)

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. sotivruu		
2. esospsesd		
3. tmaiutno		
4. ryebeows		
5. nvtienor		
Nonsense Words Directions: according to the syllable rule.	Carefully divide these nonsense wo	rds into syllables with / marks
6. mitchled		
7. custlest		
8. y e l t o n m e n t		
9. w h i t h a n t		
10. toluntstried		
Book Search Directions: Fin	d four words that have different infle	ections.
Book Titles:		
	p	p

______ p.___ p.___ p.___

Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet #15

Schwa Syllable Rule: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the *schwa* sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the *schwa* sound. The schwa makes a long /ŭh/ sound. **Examples:** a/lárm, com/mít The schwa can also make a short /ŭh/ or /ĭ/ sound. **Examples:** cúr/tain, gál/lon

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. about	2. preparatory	3. mountain
4. kitten	5. cemetery	6. mischievous
7. easily	8. engineer	9. vehicle
10. galloping	11. welcome	12. porpoises
13. applicable	14. representative	15. natural
16. mathematic	17. diagram	18. persecute
19. discovery	20. imaginary	21. invisible
22. wonderful	23. sophomore	24. melody
25. deliberately	26. symphony	27. traveling

Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet #16

Schwa Syllable Rule: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the *schwa* sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the *schwa* sound. The schwa makes a long /ŭh/ sound. **Examples:** a/lárm, com/mít The schwa can also make a short /ŭh/ or /ĭ/ sound. **Examples:** cúr/tain, gál/lon

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. agdairm		
2. mocwlee		
3. egneiner		
4. ecemytre		
5. tapenrrseetiev		
Nonsense Words Directions: according to the syllable rule.	Carefully divide these nonsense wor	rds into syllables with / marks
6. kerlion		
7. a t e n d o u s		
8. commestrious		
9. b u s t a i n l y		
10. d o w m a n		
Book Search Directions: Fin two in the second syllable.	d four words which include the schw	a: two in the first syllable and
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	n	n

Consonant-"le" Division Worksheet #17

Consonant-"le" Syllable Rule: A suffix syllable ending with a consonant-"le" has a short schwa sound (a nasal short \check{u}) between the consonant and the "le" ending. The e is silent. **Examples:** can/dle, pim/ple

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. handle 2. hassled 3. trickled 4. muscle 5. humble 6. cattleman 8. purple 9. rifle 7. single 12. ticklish 10. paddling 11. measles 13. circling 14. bottle 15. settlement 16. toggle 17. sample 18. stifle 19. cradle 20. trifling 21. unbuckled 24. gentlemen 22. uncle 23. fabled 26. triangle 27. reshuffle 25. encircle

Consonant-"le" Division Worksheet #18

Consonant-"le" Syllable Rule: A suffix syllable ending with a consonant-"le" has a short schwa sound (a nasal short ŭ) between the consonant and the "le" ending. The e is silent. Examples: can/dle, pim/ple Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent. 1. upprel 2. cuselm 3. heldna 4. dldinpag 5. etlsetemnt Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule. 6. m u s g l e 7. latle m a n 8. punblemant 9. a w fletine 10. y a s s l e l y Book Search Directions: Find four words with different consonant-"le" syllables. Book Titles: _______p._____p.____

________p._____p.______p.____

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #19

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Vowel sounds may change pronunciation or spelling between related words. **Example:** ex/plain (The "ai" has a long $/\bar{a}/$ sound) – ex/pla/na/tion (The a has a short $/\bar{a}/$ sound)

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. compete 2. competitive 3. competition

4. repeating 5. repetitive 6. repetitious

7. hypnotize 8. hypnotic 9. hypnosis

10. metal 11. metallic

12. extremity 13. extreme

14. local 15. locality

16. dining 17. dinner

18. insanity 19. insane

20. pleasant 21. pleasing

22. presume 23. presumption

24. defining 25. definition

26. recitation 27. recite

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #20

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Vowel sounds may change pronunciation or spelling between related words. **Example:** ex/plain (The "ai" has a long $/\bar{a}/$ sound) -ex/pla/na/tion (The a has a short $/\bar{a}/$ sound)

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. periteagn		_
2. epteiirtev		_
3. noitpeitir		_
4. gnneidfi		_
5. iiifedntno		_
Nonsense Words Directions: according to the syllable rule.	Carefully divide these nonsense wo	ords into syllables with / marks
6. quatize		
7. quatic		
8. quating		
9. quated		
10. q u a t l y		
Book Search Directions: Fin between related words.	d four words which have vowels that	at change in pronunciation
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	p	p

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #21

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Consonant sounds may change pronunciation among related words.

Example: pub/lic (The c has a /k/ sound) – pub/li/cize (The c has a /s/ sound)

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. critic 2. criticize 3. critique

4. medicine 5. medical 6. medicinal

7. politics 8. politician 9. policy

10. resign 11. signature

12. election 13. elect

14. vehicle 15. vehicular

16. condemn 17. condemnation

18. benefit 19. beneficial

20. divide 21. division

22. magic 23. magician

24. college 25. collegial

26. practical 27. practice

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #22

among related words.	n Shift Syllable Rule: Consonant sounds may change pronunciation has a /k/ sound) – pub/li/cize (The c has a /s/ sound)
	s: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel
1. tiplocis	
2. opniltciai	
3. amgci	
4. olpyic	
5. iamgenia	
Nonsense Words Direction according to the syllable in	ons: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks ule.
6. undefit	u n d e f i c i a l
7. antcide	a n t c i d i s i o n
8. l u t t e g e	luttegial
9. otdarnal	o t d a r n i n a l
10. a t 1 i c	atlician
Book Search Directions	Find four words which have consonants that change in pronunciation

Book Titles:

_______p._____p.______p.____

between related words.

Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #23

Accent Shift Syllable Rule: Accent placements sometimes change between related words. All words have one syllable that has a primary accent on its vowel sound.

Example: én/er/gy – en/er/gé/tic

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. moment 2. momentous

3. abstraction 4. abstract

5. biological 6. biology

7. electric 8. electricity

9. allergy 10. allergic

11. conserve 12. conservation

13. magnet 14. magnetic

15. tranquil 16. tranquility

17. photography 18. photograph

19. preview 20. previewing

21. injurious 22. injury

23. democrat 24. democracy

Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #24

· ·	t has a primary accent on its vowel sound. gé/tic	ed words. An
	Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefinarks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primarks.	
1. ilralegc		
2. llyrgea		
3. tociven		
4. nvcciiootn		
Nonsense Words Direction according to the syllable rul	ns: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllable.	es with / marks,
5. palric	palricity	
6. triserve	triservation	
7. n u q u e l	n u q u e l i t y	
8. dowter	dowterious	
9. c l a s t e n	clastenacy	
10. t e 1 i c a 1	t e l i c i s m	
Book Search Directions: For between related words.	ind four words which have accents that change in pro	nunciation
Book Titles:		
	p	p
	p	p

Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet #25

Prefix Syllable Rule: Prefixes are word parts at the beginning of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root. Some words have two prefixes.

Examples: pre/view, un/im/proved

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. antidote	2. community	3. engage
4. inactive	5. resurgence	6. emphatic
7. immobile	8. energetic	9. nonsense
10. superman	11. understand	12. illegal
13. irritant	14. definitely	15. foreword
16. middle	17. prescription	18. overview
19. unsanitary	20. semicircle	21. transport
22. cooperate	23. distinguish	24. prosper
25. convention	26. misleading	27. collects

Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet #26

Prefix Syllable Rule: <i>Prefixes</i> are word parts at the beginning of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root. Some words have two prefixes. Examples: pre /view, un/im /proved
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.
1. umnycmoit
2. lilegla
3. cstpepiirron
4. gnsditiuihs
5. noictoven
Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks according to the syllable rule.
6. contile
7. repense
8. prepert
9. anpertate
10. forekettany
Book Search Directions: Find four words that have different prefixes.
Book Titles:

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet #27

Suffix Syllable Rule: *Suffixes* are word parts at the ending of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root, change the grammar, or change the function of the word. Some words have two suffixes. **Examples:** print/**ed**, care/**ful**/ly

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. disable	2. terrific	3. envelope
4. automobile	5. expensive	6. marrying
7. eventful	8. tentative	9. basement
10. immunity	11. competitive	12. reviewer
13. rarity	14. pedestrians	15. onion
16. adventurous	17. researches	18. nation
19. courteous	20. targeted	21. creation
22. cautious	23. family	24. ambition
25. relational	26. careless	27. profess

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet #28

Suffix Syllable Rule: *Suffixes* are word parts at the ending of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root, change the grammar, or change the function of the word. Some words have two suffixes. **Examples:** print/**ed**, care/**ful**/ly

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark (') above the primary vowel accent.

1. ertrfic		
2. ygrmrain		
3. csaererhse		
4. ediouslci		
5. veelnoep		
Nonsense Words Directions: according to the syllable rule.	Carefully divide these nonsense wo	rds into syllables with / marks
6. quitchable		
7. endmonious		
8. levutional		
9. startrian		
10. pantlity		
Book Search Directions: Fin	d four words that have different suff	xes.
Book Titles:		
	p	p

Closed Syllable Division Worksheet #1

- 1. náp/kin 2. pén/cil 3. fíd/get
- 4. píc/nic 5. cón/test 6. bán/dit
- 7. át/las 8. in/vén/ted 9. ín/sult
- 10. plás/tic 11. sánd/wich 12. hún/dred
- 13. món/ster 14. trúm/pet 15. ín/sect
- 16. fan/tás/tic 17. splén/did 18. các/tus
- 19. mág/net 20. cán/yon 21. ác/tress
- 22. quin/tét 23. kíd/nap 24. lóc/ker
- 25. púmp/kin 26. sub/tráct 27. frán/tic

Closed Syllable Division Worksheet #2

Word Jumbles

- (1) kid/nap
- (2) fan/tás/tic
- (3) sánd/wich
- (4) sub/tráct
- (5) púmp/kin

Nonsense Words

- (6) latch/len
- (7) cam/blund
- (8) rest/bilt
- (9) thich/es/tel
- (10) bod/in/let

Open Syllable Division Worksheet #3

1. lá/zy

2. phó/to

3. frée/bie

4. é/go

5. í/vy

6. hó/bo

7. té/pee

8. de/cáy

9. spí/cy

10. slów/ly

11. pa/yée

12. grá/vy

13. zé/ro

14. pá/stry

15. só/lo

16. có/coa

17. slí/my

18. cú/tie

19. re/plý

20. há/lo

21. re/páy

22. shá/dy

23. de/ný

24. vé/to

25. tá/sty

26. be/lów

27. tró/phy

Open Syllable Division Worksheet #4

Word Jumbles

- (1) phó/to
- (2) slí/my
- (3) free/bie
- **(4)** tr**ó**/phy
- **(5)** pá/stry

Nonsense Words

- **(6)** glow/ly
- **(7)** ti/play
- (8) mu/shi/lee
- (9) tra/dy/by
- (10) stri/lu/bea

Silent Final e Syllable Division Worksheet #5

1. báse/ment	2. o/bése	3. fá/ding
4. scé/ner/y	5. háte/ful	6. com/péte
7. líve/ly	8. de/códe	9. en/shríne
10. lóne/ly	11. glí/ded	12. mis/quó/ted
13. re/leáse	14. mú/ting	15. sáles/man
16. mis/úsed	17. fé/male	18. bá/ker/y
19. re/céived	20. su/préme/ly	21. dí/ning
22. bríde/groom	23. míd/wife	24. dis/púte
25. cóm/pote	26. ex/cíte/ment	27. dís/lo/ca/ted

Silent Final e Syllable Division Worksheet #6

Word Jumbles

- (1) en/shríne
- (2) re/céived
- (3) scé/ner/y or séc/ne/ry
- (4) bríde/groom
- (5) dís/lo/ca/ted

Nonsense Words

- (6) plame/ment
- (7) lite/sine
- (8) stree/blete
- (9) anes/plume
- (10) rone/brute/ful

Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet #7

1. ów/ner/ship	2. through/óut	3. áw/ful
4. éye/brows	5. óint/ment	6. cáu/tious/ness
7. hów/ling	8. wéigh/ty	9. áf/ter/thought
10. róugh/ly	11. re/céipt	12. bóast/ful
13. róo/ster	14. chéap/skate	15. un/der/góes
16. wóo/den	17. be/twéen	18. ráin/fall
19. gréa/test	20. mís/chief	21. spráy/ing
22. déath/like	23. fríend/ship	24. sléigh/ing
25. frúit/ful	26. féw/est	27. kéy/stroke

Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet #8

Word Jumbles

- (1) róugh/ly
- (2) sléigh/ing
- (3) chéap/skate
- (4) un/der/góes
- (5) cáu/tious/ly

Nonsense Words

- (6) steath/lent
- (7) tais/ween
- (8) clow/lief
- (9) troi/glein
- (10) bough/lawz/ly

r – controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet #9

2. ár/tis/tic	3. búr/glar
5. er/rá/tic	6. ad/mír/er
8. súr/name	9. tor/ná/do
11. ter/ráin	12. fírm/ly
14. úr/gent/ly	15. súl/fur
17. cíg/ar/ette	18. múr/mur
20. hér/der	21. cúr/tain
23. vír/tu/al	24. char/mer
26. im/mor/tál	27. un/cér/tain/ty
	5. er/rá/tic 8. súr/name 11. ter/ráin 14. úr/gent/ly 17. cíg/ar/ette 20. hér/der 23. vír/tu/al

r – controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet #10

Word Jumbles

- (1) cúr/tain
- (2) s**ú**l/fur
- (3) cír/cum/vent or cir/cum/vént
- (4) tér/ror/ist
- (5) tár/get/ed or tár/ge/ted

Nonsense Words

- (6) larc/lun
- (7) sen/ter/ment
- (8) slan/birge
- (9) or/sham/be
- (10) dour/leel/ster

Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet #11

1. ex/tén/ded	2. stóp/ping	3. stút/ter
4. sin/cére/ly	5. tý/phoid	6. slúg/gish/ly
7. im/pór/tant	8. per/mít/ted	9. for/gót/ten
10. star/vá/tion	11. sub/stán/tial	12. re/ad/mít/ted
13. bóok/worm	14. séam/stress	15. kíd/napped
16. stár/ring	17. im/prín/ted	18. as/tó/nished
19. dis/cússed	20. splít/ting	21. fít/ness
22. mád/ness	23. glád/den	24. púr/ring
25. shíp/ment	26. pre/sen/tá/tion	27. híc/cupped

Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet #12

Word Jumbles

- (1) stár/ring
- (2) dis/cússed
- (3) for/gót/ten
- (4) re/ad/mít/ted
- (5) híc/cupped

Nonsense Words

- (6) de/wap/ping
- (7) et/ten/bond
- (8) strim/mied
- (9) thrun/nerd
- (10) clog/gest

Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet #13

1. rá/di/os	2. dis/kétte	3. vír/tu/ous
4. ró/de/os	5. pos/séssed	6. mis/be/há/vior
7. sú/per/he/roes	8. ún/der/ta/king	9. be/réave/ment
10. míd/wives	11. wrít/ten	12. néigh/bor/hood
13. búd/dies	14. mí/cro/scope	15. re/púl/sion
16. món/keys	17. Míd/dle/ville	18. mu/tá/tion
19. éye/brows	20. séal/ant	21. fúr/i/ous
22. cóu/ches	23. in/vén/tor	24. wís/dom
25. in/fá/tu/a/ted	26. ác/tress	27. un/kínd/est

Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet #14

Word Jumbles

- (1) vír/tu/ous
- (2) pos/séssed
- (3) mu/t**á**/tion
- (4) éye/brows
- (5) in/vén/tor

Nonsense Words

- (6) mitch/led
- (7) cust/lest
- (8) yel/ton/ment
- (9) whith/ant or whi/thant
- (10) to/lunt/stried or tol/unt/stried

Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet #15

1. a/bóut	2. pré/par/a/to/ry	3. móun/tain
4. kít/ten	5. cém/e/te/ry	6. mís/chie/vous
7. éa/si/ly	8. en/gi/néer	9. vé/hi/cle
10. gál/lo/ping	11. wél/come	12. pór/poi/ses
13. ap/plí/ca/ble	14. rep/re/sén/ta/tive	15. ná/tu/ral
16. math/e/má/tic	17. dí/a/gram	18. pér/se/cute
19. dis/cóv/er/y	20. i/mág/i/nar/y	21. in/vís/i/ble
22. wón/der/ful	23. sóph/o/more	24. mél/o/dy
25. de/lí/ber/ate/ly	26. sým/pho/ny	27. tráv/el/ing

Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet #16

Word Jumbles

- (1) dí/a/gram
- (2) wél/come
- (3) en/gi/néer or en/gin/éer
- (4) cé/me/ter/y or cém/e/ter/y
- (5) re/pre/sén/ta/tive or rep/re/sén/ta/tive or re/pre/sént/a/tive or rep/re/sént/a/tive

Nonsense Words

- (6) kerl/ion
- (7) a/dend/ous or a/den/dous
- (8) com/mes/tri/ous
- (9) mus/tain/ly
- (10) dow/man

Book Search

Syllable Worksheet Answers

Consonant-"le" Syllable Division Worksheet #17

1. hán/dle	2. hás/sled	3. tríc/kled
4. mú/scle	5. húm/ble	6. cát/tle/man
7. sín/gle	8. púr/ple	9. rí/fle

10. pád/dling	11. méa/sles	12. tíc/klish
13. cír/cling	14. bót/tle	15. sét/tle/ment
16. tóg/gle	17. sám/ple	18. stí/fle
19. crá/dle	20. trí/fling	21. un/búc/kled
22. ún/cle	23. fá/bled	24. gén/tle/men
25. en/cír/cle	26. trí/an/gle	27. re/shúf/fle

Consonant-"le" Syllable Division Worksheet #18

Word Jumbles

- (1) púr/ple
- (2) mús/cle
- (3) hán/dle
- (4) pád/dling or pád/dl/ing
- (5) sét/tle/ment

Nonsense Words

- (6) mus/gle
- (7) la/tle/man
- (8) pun/ble/mant
- (9) aw/fle/tine
- (10) yas/sle/ly

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #19

1. com/péte2. com/pé/ti/tive3. com/pe/tí/tion4. re/péa/ting5. re/pé/ti/tive6. re/pe/tí/tious7. hýp/no/tize8. hyp/nó/tic9. hyp/nó/sis

10. mét/al 11. me/tál/lic

12. ex/tré/mi/ty 13. ex/tréme

14. ló/cal 15. lo/cál/i/ty

16. dí/ning 17. dín/ner

18. in/sán/i/ty 19. in/sáne

20. pléas/ant 21. pléas/ing

22. pre/súme 23. pre/súmp/tion

24. de/fi/ning 25. déf/i/ni/tion

26. re/ci/tá/tion 27. re/cíte

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #20

Word Jumbles

- (1) re/péa/ting or re/péat/ing
- (2) re/pé/ti/tive or re/pét/i/tive
- (3) re/pe/ti/tion or rep/e/ti/tion
- (4) de/fi/ning or de/fin/ing
- (5) de/fi/ní/tion or def/i/ní/tion or de/fin/í/tion

Nonsense Words

- (6) quat/tize
- (7) quat /ic or qua/tic
- (8) quat/ing or qua/ting
- (9) quat/ed or qua/ted
- (**10**) quat/ly

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #21

3. cri/tíque6. me/dí/ci/nal

9. pól/i/cy

2. crít/i/cize 1. crít/ic 4. méd/i/cine 5. méd/i/cal 7. pól/i/tics 8. pol/i/tí/cian 10. re/sígn 11. síg/na/ture 13. e/léct 12. e/léc/tion 14. vé/hi/cle 15. ve/hí/cu/lar 16. con/démn 17. con/dem/ná/tion 18. bén/e/fit 19. ben/e/fí/cial 21. di/ví/sion 20. di/víde 22. mág/ic 23. ma/gí/cian 24. cól/lege 25. col/lé/gi/al

26. prác/ti/cal 27. prác/tice

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #22

Word Jumbles

- (1) pó/li/tics or pól/i/tics
- (2) po/li/tí/cian or pol/li/tí/cian
- (3) má/gic or mág/ic
- (4) pó/li/cy or pól/i/cy
- (5) ma/gí/cian

Nonsense Words

(6) un/de/fit(7) ant/cideun/de/fi/cialant/ci/di/sion

(8) lut/teg lut/te/gi/al or lut/te/gial

(9) ot/dar/nal or ot/darn/al ot/dar/ni/nal(10) at/lic at/li/cian

Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #23

2. mo/mén/tous 1. mó/ment 4. áb/stract 3. ab/strác/tion 5. bi/o/lóg/i/cal 6. bi/ól/o/gy 7. e/léc/tric 8. e/lec/tríc/i/ty 10. al/lér/gic 9. ál/ler/gy 11. con/sérve 12. con/ser/vá/tion 13. mág/net 14. mag/nét/ic 15. trán/quil 16. tran/quíl/i/ty 17. pho/tóg/ra/phy 18. phó/to/graph

19. pré/view 20. pre/view/ing

21. in/júr/i/ous 22. ín/jur/y

23. dém/o/crat 24. de/móc/ra/cy

Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet #24

Word Jumbles

(1) al/lér/gic

(2) ál/ler/gy

(3) cón/vict

(4) con/víc/tion

Nonsense Words

(5) pál/ric pal/ri/ci/ty
(6) trí/serve tri/ser/vá/tion
(7) nú/quel nu/quél/i/ty
(8) dów/ter dow/tér/i/ous

(9) clás/ten clas/tén/a/cy or clas/té/na/cy

(10) tél/i/cal te/lí/ci/sm

Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet #25

1. án/ti/dote	2. com/mún/i/ty	3. en/gáge
4. in/ác/tive	5. re/súr/gence	6. em/phát/ic
7. im/mó/bile	8. en/er/gét/ic	9. nón/sense
10. sú/per/man	11. un/der/stánd	12. il/lé/gal
13. ír/ri/tant	14. déf/i/nite/ly	15. fóre/word
16. míd/dle	17. pre/scríp/tion	18. ó/ver/view
19. un/sán/i/tar/y	20. sém/i/cir/cle	21. tráns/port
22. co/óp/er/ate	23. dis/tín/guish	24. prós/per
25. con/vén/tion	26. mis/léad/ing	27. col/lécts

Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet #26

Word Jumbles

- (1) com/mú/ni/ty or com/mún/i/ty
- (2) il/l**é**/gal
- (3) pre/scríp/tion
- (4) dis/tín/guish
- (5) con/vén/tion

Nonsense Words

- (6) con/tile
- (7) re/pense
- (8) pre/pert
- (9) an/per/tate
- (10) fore/ket/ta/ny

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet #27

1. dis/a/ble	2. ter/rif/ic	3. en/vel/ope
4. au/to/mo/bile	5. ex/pen/sive	6. mar/ry/ing
7. e/vent/ful	8. ten/ta/tive	9. base/ment
10. im/mun/i/ty	11. com/pet/i/tive	12. re/view/er
13. rar/i/ty	14. pe/des/tri/ans	15. on/ion
16. ad/ven/tur/ous	17. re/search/es	18. na/tion
19. cour/te/ous	20. tar/get/ed	21. cre/a/tion
22. cau/tious	23. fam/i/ly	24. am/bi/tion
25. re/la/tion/al	26. care/less	27. pro/fess

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet #28

Word Jumbles

- (1) ter/rí/fic or ter/ríf/ic
- (2) már/ry/ing
- (3) ré/sear/ches or ré/search/es or re/séar/ches or re/séarch/es
- (4) de/lí/cious
- (5) én/ve/lope or én/vel/ope or en/vé/lope or en/vél/ope

Nonsense Words

- (6) quitch/a/ble
- (7) end/mo/ni/ous
- (8) le/vu/tion/al
- (9) star/tri/an
- **(10)** pant/li/ty

Syllable Rules

Syllable Rule #1: Every syllable has a vowel. The common vowels are a, e, i, o, and u.

Syllable Rule #2: When the vowel is not at the end of a syllable, it has a short sound. The Vowel-Consonant (VC) and Consonant-Vowel-Consonant (CVC) patterns are called *closed syllables*. For example, *bas-ket* is a CVC-CVC word with the short vowels \check{a} and \check{e} .

Syllable Rule #3: When the vowel is at the end of a syllable, it has a long sound. The Consonant-Vowel (CV) and Consonant-Consonant-Vowel (CCV) patterns are called *open syllables*. For example, *be-low* is a VC-VC word with the long vowels \bar{a} and \bar{o} .

Syllable Rule #4: Vowel digraphs are paired vowels that have only one vowel sound. Usually the first vowel indicates the sound of the vowel digraph. For example, in the word *boat*, the vowel digraph is "oa" and the sound is /ō/. Usually keep vowel digraphs in the same syllable.

Syllable Rule #5: Base words are roots that form complete words. A root is the meaning-based syllable that may or may not connect to prefixes or suffixes. Usually keep the original spelling of the base word when connecting to prefixes and suffixes. For example, *kick* in *kicking*.

Syllable Rule #6: Compound words consist of two or three base words (roots that form complete words). Usually keep the original spellings of the base words in compound words. The spelling rules do not change the spelling of the base words. For example, *bridesmaid*.

Syllable Rule #7: An incomplete root is the meaning-based syllable that connects to prefixes and/or suffixes. Unlike a base word, the incomplete root is not a complete word. Both ending vowels and consonants can change when connecting to other roots and suffixes. Sometimes a vowel or consonant is either added or dropped. For example, *vis* in *visible*.

Syllable Rule #8: Keep the silent final "e" and the vowel before in the same syllable. The silent final "e" makes the vowel before a long sound if there is only one consonant in between the vowel and the "e". For example, *basement*.

Syllable Rule #9: Vowel diphthongs are paired vowels that have two vowel sounds. For example, "au" in *sauces*. Like vowel digraphs, they stay in the same syllable.

Syllable Rule #10: Prefixes are meaningful word parts attached to the beginnings of words. More than one prefix can begin a word. For example, *mis* and *under* in *misunderstand*.

Syllable Rule #11: Suffixes are word parts attached to the endings of words. They can add meaning to the word or indicate a part of speech. More than one suffix can end a word. For example, *on* and *al* in *seasonal*.

Syllable Rule #12: Consonant digraphs, such as *sh*, and consonant blends, such as *str*, stay in the same syllable. For example, *shallow* and *straighten*. The /sh/ consonant digraph frequently changes to another consonant sound between different grammatical forms of the same root. For example, /sh/ to /k/ in *musician* and *magic*.

Syllable Rule #13: Keep the *r*-controlled vowels (ar, er, ir, or, and ur) in the same syllable. For example, *er-ror*.

Syllable Rule #14: Divide syllables between doubled consonants, for example *for-gét-ting*, unless the doubled consonant is part of a syllable included in a base word, for example *ful-fill-ment*.

Syllable Rule #15: Some short vowel sounds change to the soft /uh/ schwa sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in *cónduct* and *conductor* the "o" changes from a short vowel to a schwa.

Syllable Rule #16: Some long vowel sounds change to the soft /uh/ schwa sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in *repeat* and *repetition* the "e" changes from a long vowel to a schwa.

Syllable Rule #17: Some long vowel sounds change to the short vowel sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in *nation* and *national* the "a" changes from a long vowel to a short vowel.

Syllable Rule #18: Some silent consonants are pronounced when connected to different grammatical forms of the same root. For example, *numb* and *number*.

Syllable Rule #19: Many Greek and Latin prefixes change their spellings to match the roots to which they attach in order to make pronunciation easier. For example, *in* and *mobile* becomes *immobile*. These "chameleons" can change either their consonant or vowel spellings.

Syllable Rule #20: Many Greek and Latin suffixes are *morphemes*, which means that the word part is meaningful. For example, *viewable*. Other suffixes serve as *inflections*, which means that the suffix helps change the part of speech, but does not add meaning to the word. For example, *started*.

Accent Rules

Accent Rule #1: Each word with two or more syllables has one syllable whose vowel is accented. For example, *for-gét*. Accents are very important to spelling rules. *Accented* means that the sound of that vowel is stressed, or louder, than those in other syllables.

Accent Rule #2: A long word may have more than one accent. The vowel that is stressed more or most is called the *primary accent*. The primary accent is key to many of the spelling rules. A second accented vowel is called the *secondary* accent. For example, *cón-ver-sá-tion*. Very long words can have even more stressed vowel sounds, but only one primary accent.

Accent Rule #3: The primary accent is usually on the root before a double consonant. For example, *for-gét-ting*.

Accent Rule #4: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the soft /uh/ schwa sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the schwa sound. For example, the *a* in *a-boút*.

Accent Rule #5: The primary accent is usually on the first syllable in two-syllable words. For example, *páy-ment*.

Accent Rule #6: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable of two-syllable words that have a prefix in the first syllable and a root in the second syllable. For example, *dis-tráct*.

Accent Rule #7: For two-syllable words that act as both nouns and verbs, the primary accent is usually on the prefix (first syllable) of the noun and on the root (second syllable) of the verb. For example, *pró-duce* as a noun; *pro-dúce* as a verb.

Accent Rule #8: The primary accent is usually on the first syllable in three-syllable words, if that syllable is a root. For example, *chár-ac-ter*.

Accent Rule #9: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable in three-syllable words that are formed by a prefix-root-suffix. For example, *in-vést-ment*.

Accent Rule #10: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable in four-syllable words. For example, *in-tél-li-gent*.