

## Syllable Worksheets

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## Notes:

The author provides a comprehensive spelling program for grades $4,5,6,7$, and 8 with spelling tests, spelling sorts, a diagnostic spelling patterns assessment with corresponding remedial spelling worksheets (all with formative assessments), plus spelling review games and additional resources in Differentiated Spelling Instruction.

The complete set of syllable worksheets, 56 vocabulary worksheets, vocabulary study cards, plus vocabulary review games and additional resources are found in the Common Core Vocabulary Toolkit grades $4,56,7$, and 8 programs.

## Syllable Worksheets

The syllable worksheets will help your students practice and internalize the key syllable rules. First, complete the oral response drill, and then assign students the worksheets to complete on their own. Upon completion, have the students self-correct from the answer display to learn from their own mistakes.

## Preparation

A projector is required for the oral response drill. Cut out a card from black construction paper with one corner cut off as a rectangle to isolate each word part. Also cut a bottom flap to slide the card against the screen or projector. Make several of these cards.


## Oral Response Drill and Syllable Worksheets Directions

1. Read and explain the syllable rule.
2. Using the answer sheet as a guide, isolate each syllable on the display. Students say the word part, as soon as the syllable is isolated on the display. Remind students to "Don't shout, but don't whisper. Use your six-inch voices." Use the whole class responses to adjust to the correct pronunciation, as necessary.
3. Prompt by saying, "Blend" as you slide your hand from left to right under the projected word. Students blend the syllables. If some students incorrectly pronounce the word, say, "Adjust" and let the dominate voices of the class teach those who mispronounced the word.
4. Prompt by saying, "Snap and clap" and lead students in snapping on the unaccented syllables and clapping on the primary accent syllable.
5. Students apply the syllable rule to divide the words into syllables with / marks. Students also write the accent mark $\left(^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.
6. Upon completion, display the answers. Students self-correct and revise their answers.

## Closed Syllable Division Worksheet \#1

Closed Syllable Rule: A vowel before a syllable-ending consonant (VC) is usually short. This pattern is called a closed syllable. The syllable following begins with a consonant.
Examples: mas/cot, bas/ket
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. napkin
2. pencil
3. fidget
4. picnic
5. contest
6. bandit
7. atlas
8. invented
9. insult
10. plastic
11. sandwich
12. hundred
13. monster
14. trumpet
15. insect
16. fantastic
17. splendid
18. cactus
19. magnet
20. canyon
21. actress
22. quintet
23. kidnap
24. locker
25. pumpkin
26. subtract
27. frantic

## Closed Syllable Division Worksheet \#2

Closed Syllable Rule: A vowel before a syllable-ending consonant (VC) is usually short. This pattern is called a closed syllable. The syllable following begins with a consonant.
Examples: mas/cot, bas/ket
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left(^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

## 1. padnik

2. aaitfatsc
3. wedsnhai
4. tbstcrua
5. uinpmpk

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. 1atchlen
7. camblund
8. restbilt
9. thichestel
10. bodiflent

Book Search Directions: Find four two-syllable words that have closed syllables for each word part.

Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Open Syllable Division Worksheet \#3

Open Syllable Rule: A vowel at the end of a syllable (CV) usually has a long vowel sound. This pattern is called an open syllable. The syllable following begins with a consonant.
Example: be/low
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

| 1. lazy | 2. photo | 3. freebie |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. ego | 5. ivy | 6. hobo |
| 7. tepee | 8. decay | 9. spicy |
| 10. slowly | 11. payee | 12. gravy |
| 13. zero | 14. pastry | 15. solo |
| 16. cocoa | 17. slimy | 18. cutie |
| 19. reply | 20. halo | 21. repay |
| 22. shady | 23. deny | 24. veto |
| 25. tasty | 26. below | 27. trophy |

## Open Syllable Division Worksheet \#4

Open Syllable Rule: A vowel at the end of a syllable (CV) usually has a long vowel sound. This pattern is called an open syllable. The syllable following begins with a consonant.
Example: be/low
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. opoth
2. msyli
3. biefree
4. hyprot
5. atspyr

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. glowly
7. triplay
8. ms shilee
9. tradyby
10. strilubea

Book Search Directions: Find four two-syllable words that have open syllables for each word part.

Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Silent Final e Syllable Division Worksheet \#5

Silent Final $\boldsymbol{e}$ Syllable Rule: The silent final $e$ makes the vowel before a long sound, if only one consonant sound is between the two (VCe). Example: late/ly.

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. basement 2. obese 3. fading4. scenery5. hateful6. compete
2. lively 8. decode 9. enshrine
3. lonely11. glided12. misquoted
4. release14. muting
5. salesman
6. misused18. bakery
7. received 20. supremely 21. dining
8. bridegroom23. midwife24. dispute
9. compote 26. excitement 27. dislocated

## Silent Final e Syllable Division Worksheet \#6

Silent Final $\boldsymbol{e}$ Syllable Rule: The silent final $e$ makes the vowel before a long sound, if only one consonant sound is between the two (VCe). Example: late/ly.

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. nheesirn
2. eevericd
3. ceryesn
4. omoedbgirr
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. sdetiloacd

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. plamement
7. 1itesine
8. streeblete
9. anesplume
10. ronebruteful

Book Search Directions: Find four silent final $e$ words.
Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
p._-p._-
p. p._-

## Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet \#7

Vowel Teams Syllable Rule: Usually keep vowel teams together in the same syllable. Example: beau/ty.

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. ownership
2. throughout
3. awful
4. eyebrows
5. ointment
6. cautiousness
7. howling
8. weighty
9. afterthought
10. roughly
11. receipt
12. boastful
13. rooster
14. cheapskate
15. undergoes
16. wooden
17. between
18. rainfall
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { 19. greatest } & \text { 20. } \text { mischief } & \text { 21. spraying } \\ \text { 22. deathlike } & \text { 23. friendship } & \text { 24. sleighing }\end{array}$
19. fruitful
20. fewest
21. keystroke

## Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet \#8

Vowel Teams Syllable Rule: Usually keep vowel teams together in the same syllable. Example: beau/ty.

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. yhurlog $\qquad$
2. lgishegin
3. spahceteka
4. ueogdnrse
5. toisuylacu

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. steathent
7. tais ween
8. clowlief
9. troiblein
10. boughlawzly

Book Search Directions: Find four two-syllable words that have vowel teams in one of the word parts.

Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## $r$ - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet \#9

$r$ - controlled Vowels Syllable Rule: Keep the $r$ - controlled vowels in the same syllable. The $r$ changes the pronunciation of a connected vowel. Examples: One sound $/ \mathbf{r} /-$ stretch/er, whir/ring, ur/gent, cour/age; Two sounds /air/- hair/net, wear/ing, heir/loom, bare/ly; Two sounds/or/- ac/tor, re/store, di/no/saur, back/court; Two sounds /eer/- ear/ring, cheer/ful Two sounds /oo/- tour/ist, pure/ly; Three sounds /our/- hour/ly

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. argument 2. artistic 3. burglar
2. perspiration
3. erratic
4. admirer
5. circumvent
6. surname
7. tornado
8. format
9. terrain
10. firmly
11. absurd 14. urgently $\quad 15$. sulfur
12. erroneous
13. cigarette
14. murmur

| 19. stirring | 20. herder | 21. curtain |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 22. squirming | 23. virtual | 24. charmer |

25. enormous 26. immortal 27. uncertainty

## $r$ - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet \#10

$r$ - controlled Vowels Syllable Rule: Keep the $r$ - controlled vowels in the same syllable. The $r$ changes the pronunciation of a connected vowel. Examples: One sound $/ \mathbf{r} /-$ stretch/er, whir/ring, ur/gent, cour/age; Two sounds /air/- hair/net, wear/ing, heir/loom, bare/ly; Two sounds/or/- ac/tor, re/store, di/no/saur, back/court; Two sounds /eer/- ear/ring, cheer/ful Two sounds /oo/- tour/ist, pure/ly; Three sounds /our/- hour/ly

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. canrtui
2. uusflr
3. uricevment
4. roetrrste
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. agtetred
$\qquad$

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. 1 arclun
7. senterment
8. slanbirge
9. orshambe
10. dourleelster

Book Search Directions: Find four two-syllable words which include an $r$-controlled vowel.
Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet \#11

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When two consonants come between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph ( $c h, s h, w h, t h$ ) and usually keep blends together e.g., $b l, b r, s w$. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their roots when the roots end in $d$ or $t$.
Examples: din/ner, com/mit/ted, latch/key con/fessed.
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. extended 2. stopping 3. stutter
2. sincerely 5. typhoid 6. sluggishly
3. important 8. permitted 9. forgotten
4. starvation11. substantial12. readmitted
5. bookworm 14. seamstress 15. kidnapped
6. starring 17. imprinted 18. astonished
7. discussed 20. splitting 21. fitness
8. madness23. gladden24. stirring
9. shipment 26. presentation 27. hiccupped

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet \#12

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When two consonants come between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph ( $c h, s h, w h, t h$ ) and usually keep blends together e.g., $b l, b r, s w$. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their roots when the roots end in $d$ or $t$.
Examples: din/ner, com/mit/ted, latch/key con/fessed.
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. nitrasrg
2. escosdisd
3. trgooftne
4. edaitmtder
5. pcucihpde
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. dewapping
7. ettenbond
8. strimmied
9. thrunnerd
10. cloggest

Book Search Directions: Find four words which have double consonants before the suffix.
Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet \#13

Inflected Endings Syllable Rule: Inflected endings change the grammar or add to the meaning of a word. English has very few inflected endings compared to most other languages.
Examples: wait - wait/ing, read - read/er (one who reads)
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. radios
2. diskette
3. virtuous
4. rodeos
5. possessed
6. misbehavior
7. superheroes
8. undertaking
9. bereavement
10. midwives
11. written
12. neighborhood
13. buddies
14. monkeys
15. eyebrows
16. couches
17. infatuated
18. actress
19. invento
20. wisdom
21. unkindest

## Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet \#14

Inflected Endings Syllable Rule: Inflected endings change the grammar or add to the meaning of a word. English has very few inflected endings compared to most other languages.
Examples: wait - wait/ing, read - read/er (one who reads)
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. sotivruu
2. esospsesd
3. tmaiutno
4. ryebeows
5. nvtienor

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. mitchled
7. custlest
8. yeltonment
9. whithant
10. toluntstried

Book Search Directions: Find four words that have different inflections.
Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet \#15

Schwa Syllable Rule: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the schwa sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the schwa sound. The schwa makes a long /ŭh/ sound. Examples: a/lárm, com/mít The schwa can also make a short /ŭh/ or /ī/ sound. Examples: cúr/tain, gál/lon

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. about
2. preparatory
3. mountain
4. kitten
5. easily
6. galloping
7. applicable
8. mathematic
9. discovery
10. wonderful
11. deliberately
12. symphony
13. mischievous
14. cemetery
15. engineer
16. vehicle
17. welcome
18. porpoises
19. representative
20. diagram
21. imaginary
22. invisible
23. sophomore
24. melody
25. traveling

## Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet \#16

Schwa Syllable Rule: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the schwa sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the schwa sound. The schwa makes a long /ŭh/ sound. Examples: a/lárm, com/mít The schwa can also make a short /ŭh/ or /̄// sound. Examples: cúr/tain, gál/lon

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. agdairm
2. mocwlee
3. egneiner
4. ecemytre
5. tapenrrseetiev

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. kerlion
7. atendous
8. commestrious
9. bustainly
10. dow man

Book Search Directions: Find four words which include the schwa: two in the first syllable and two in the second syllable.

Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Consonant-"le" Division Worksheet \#17

Consonant-"le" Syllable Rule: A suffix syllable ending with a consonant-"le" has a short schwa sound (a nasal short ŭ) between the consonant and the "le" ending. The $e$ is silent. Examples: can/dle, pim/ple

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. handle2. hassled3. trickled4. muscle5. humble6. cattleman
2. single 8. purple 9. rifle
3. paddling11. measles12. ticklish
4. circling14. bottle
5. settlement
6. toggle 17. sample 18. stifle
7. cradle20. trifling21. unbuckled
8. uncle ..... 23. fabled
9. gentlemen
25 . encircle26. triangle27. reshuffle

## Consonant-"le" Division Worksheet \#18

Consonant-"le" Syllable Rule: A suffix syllable ending with a consonant-"le" has a short schwa sound (a nasal short ŭ) between the consonant and the "le" ending. The $e$ is silent. Examples: can/dle, pim/ple

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. upprel $\qquad$
2. cuselm
3. heldna
4. dldinpag
5. etlsetemnt

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. musgle
7. 1atleman
8. punblemant
9. awfletine
10. y a s slely

Book Search Directions: Find four words with different consonant-"le" syllables.
Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#19

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Vowel sounds may change pronunciation or spelling between related words. Example: ex/plain (The "ai" has a long /ā/ sound) - ex/pla/na/tion (The $a$ has a short /ă/ sound)

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. compete 2. competitive 3. competition
2. repeating 5. repetitive 6. repetitious
3. hypnotize 8. hypnotic 9. hypnosis
4. metal 11. metallic
5. extremity 13. extreme
6. local 15. locality
7. dining 17. dinner
8. insanity19. insane20. pleasant21. pleasing
9. presume 23. presumption
10. defining 25. definition
11. recitation

## Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#20

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Vowel sounds may change pronunciation or spelling between related words. Example: ex/plain (The "ai" has a long /ā/ sound) - ex/pla/na/tion (The $a$ has a short /ă/ sound)

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left(^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. periteagn
2. epteiirtev
3. noitpeitir
4. gnneidfi
5. iiifedntno

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. quatize
7. quatic
8. quating
9. quated
10. quatly

Book Search Directions: Find four words which have vowels that change in pronunciation between related words.

Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#21

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Consonant sounds may change pronunciation among related words.
Example: pub/lic (The $c$ has a $/ \mathrm{k} /$ sound) - pub/li/cize (The $c$ has a /s/ sound)
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. critic 2. criticize 3. critique
2. medicine 5. medical 6. medicinal
3. politics8. politician9. policy
4. resign11. signature
5. election 13. elect
6. vehicle 15. vehicular
7. condemn 17. condemnation
8. benefit 19. beneficial
9. divide 21. division
10. magic 23. magician
11. college 25. collegial
12. practical ..... 27. practice

## Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#22

Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Rule: Consonant sounds may change pronunciation among related words.
Example: pub/lic (The $c$ has a /k/ sound) - pub/li/cize (The $c$ has a/s/ sound)
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. tiplocis $\qquad$
2. opniltciai
3. amgci
4. olpyic
5. iamgenia

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. undefit undeficial
7. antcide antcidision
8.1uttege luttegial
9. otdarnal
otdarninal
10. atlic
atlician
Book Search Directions: Find four words which have consonants that change in pronunciation between related words.

Book Titles: $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#23

Accent Shift Syllable Rule: Accent placements sometimes change between related words. All words have one syllable that has a primary accent on its vowel sound.
Example: én/er/gy - en/er/gé/tic
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. moment
2. momentous
3. abstraction
4. abstract
5. biological
6. biology
7. electric
8. electricity
9. allergy
10. allergic

## 11. conserve <br> 12. conservation

13. magnet
14. magnetic
15. tranquil
16. tranquility
17. photography 18. photograph
18. preview 20. previewing
19. injurious 22. injury
20. democrat 24. democracy

## Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#24

Accent Shift Syllable Rule: Accent placements sometimes change between related words. All words have one syllable that has a primary accent on its vowel sound.
Example: én/er/gy - en/er/gé/tic
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. ilralegc $\qquad$
2. llyrgea $\qquad$
3. tociven

## 4. nvcciiootn

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
5. palric
palricity
6. tr is erve
triservation
7. nuquel
nuquelity
8. dowter
dowterious
9. clasten
clastenacy
10. telical
telicism

Book Search Directions: Find four words which have accents that change in pronunciation between related words.

Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet \#25

Prefix Syllable Rule: Prefixes are word parts at the beginning of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root. Some words have two prefixes.
Examples: pre/view, un/im/proved
Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

1. antidote 2. community 3. engage4. inactive5. resurgence6. emphatic
2. immobile 8. energetic 9. nonsense
3. superman11. understand12. illegal
4. irritant 14. definitely 15. foreword
5. middle 17. prescription 18. overview
6. unsanitary 20. semicircle 21. transport
7. cooperate 23. distinguish 24. prosper
8. convention 26. misleading 27. collects

## Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet \#26

Prefix Syllable Rule: Prefixes are word parts at the beginning of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root. Some words have two prefixes.
Examples: pre/view, un/im/proved
Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left(^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. umnycmoit
2. lilegla
3. cstpepiirron
4. gnsditiuihs
5. noictoven

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6.contile
7. repense
8. prepert
9. anpertate
10.forekettany

Book Search Directions: Find four words that have different prefixes.
Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet \#27

Suffix Syllable Rule: Suffixes are word parts at the ending of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root, change the grammar, or change the function of the word. Some words have two suffixes. Examples: print/ed, care/ful/ly

Directions: Divide the words into syllables, according to the rule, with / marks and write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. disable
2. terrific
3. envelope
4. automobile
5. expensive
6. marrying
7. eventful
8. tentative
9. basement
10. immunity
11. competitive
12. reviewer
13. rarity
14. pedestrians
15. onion
16. adventurous
17. courteous
18. targeted
19. creation
20. cautious
21. family
22. ambition
23. relational
24. careless
25. profess

## Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet \#28

Suffix Syllable Rule: Suffixes are word parts at the ending of a word that change the meaning of the base word or incomplete root, change the grammar, or change the function of the word. Some words have two suffixes. Examples: print/ed, care/ful/ly

Word Jumbles Directions: Unjumble these words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark $\left({ }^{\prime}\right)$ above the primary vowel accent.

1. ertrfic $\qquad$
2. ygrmrain
3. csaererhse
4. ediouslci
5. veelnoep

Nonsense Words Directions: Carefully divide these nonsense words into syllables with / marks, according to the syllable rule.
6. quitchable
7. endmonious
8. levutional
9. startrian
10. pantlity

Book Search Directions: Find four words that have different suffixes.
Book Titles: $\qquad$


## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Closed Syllable Division Worksheet \#1

| 1. náp/kin | 2. pén/cil | 3. fíd/get |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. píc/nic | 5. cón/test | 6. bán/dit |
| 7. át/las | 8. in/vén/ted | 9. ín/sult |
| 10. plás/tic | 11. sánd/wich | 12. hún/dred |
| 13. món/ster | 14. trúm/pet | 15. ín/sect |
| 16. fan/tás/tic | 17. splén/did | 18. các/tus |
| 19. mág/net | 20. cán/yon | 21. ác/tress |
| 22. quin/tét | 23. kíd/nap | 24. lóc/ker |
| 25. púmp/kin | 26. sub/tráct | 27. frán/tic |

## Closed Syllable Division Worksheet \#2

Word Jumbles
(1) kíd/nap
(2) fan/tás/tic
(3) sánd/wich
(4) sub/tráct
(5) púmp/kin

Nonsense Words
(6) latch/len
(7) cam/blund
(8) rest/bilt
(9) thich/es/tel
(10) bod/in/let

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Open Syllable Division Worksheet \#3

| 1. lá/zy | 2. phó/to | 3. frée/bie |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. é/go | 5. í/vy | 6. hó/bo |
| 7. té/pee | 8. de/cáy | 9. spí/cy |
| 10. slów/ly | 11. pa/yée | 12. grá/vy |
| 13. zé/ro | 14. pá/stry | 15. só/lo |
| 16. có/coa | 17. slí/my | 18. cú/tie |
| 19. re/plý | 20. há/lo | 21. re/páy |
| 22. shá/dy | 23. de/ný | 24. vé/to |
| 25. tá/sty | 26. be/lów | 27. tró/phy |

## Open Syllable Division Worksheet \#4

Word Jumbles
(1) phó/to
(2) slí/my
(3) free/bie
(4) tró/phy
(5) pá/stry

Nonsense Words
(6) glow/ly
(7) ti/play
(8) mu/shi/lee
(9) tra/dy/by
(10) stri/lu/bea

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Silent Final $e$ Syllable Division Worksheet \#5

| 1. báse/ment | 2. o/bése | 3. fá/ding |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. scé/ner/y | 5. háte/ful | 6. com/péte |
| 7. líve/ly | 8. de/códe | 9. en/shríne |
| 10. lóne/ly | 11. glí/ded | 12. mis/quó/ted |
| 13. re/leáse | 14. mú/ting | 15. sáles/man |
| 16. mis/úsed | 17. fé/male | 18. bá/ker/y |
| 19. re/céived | 20. su/préme/ly | 21. dí/ning |
| 22. bríde/groom | 23. míd/wife | 24. dis/púte |
| 25. cóm/pote | 26. ex/cíte/ment | 27. dís/lo/ca/ted |

## Silent Final $\boldsymbol{e}$ Syllable Division Worksheet \#6

Word Jumbles
(1) en/shríne
(2) re/céived
(3) scé/ner/y or séc/ne/ry
(4) bríde/groom
(5) dís/lo/ca/ted

Nonsense Words
(6) plame/ment
(7) lite/sine
(8) stree/blete
(9) anes/plume
(10) rone/brute/ful

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet \#7

| 1. ów/ner/ship | 2. through/óut | 3. áw/ful |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. éye/brows | 5. óint/ment | 6. cáu/tious/ness |
| 7. hów/ling | 8. wéigh/ty | 9. áf/ter/thought |
| 10. róugh/ly | 11. re/céipt | 12. bóast/ful |
| 13. róo/ster | 14. chéap/skate | 15. un/der/góes |
| 16. wóo/den | 17. be/twéen | 18. ráin/fall |
| 19. gréa/test | 20. mís/chief | 21. spráy/ing |
| 22. déath/like | 23. fríend/ship | 24. sléigh/ing |
| 25. frúit/ful | 26. féw/est | 27. kéy/stroke |

## Vowel Teams Syllable Division Worksheet \#8

Word Jumbles
(1) róugh/ly
(2) sléigh/ing
(3) chéap/skate
(4) un/der/góes
(5) cáu/tious/ly

## Nonsense Words

(6) steath/lent
(7) tais/ween
(8) clow/lief
(9) troi/glein
(10) bough/lawz/ly

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

$r$ - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet \#9

| 1. ár/gu/ment | 2. ár/tis/tic | 3. búr/glar |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. per/spir/á/tion | 5. er/rá/tic | 6. ad/mír/er |
| 7. cír/cum/vent | 8. súr/name | 9. tor/ná/do |
| 10. fór/mat | 11. ter/ráin | 12. fírm/ly |
| 13. ab/súrd | 14. úr/gent/ly | 15. súl/fur |
| 16. er/ró/ne/ous | 17. cíg/ar/ette | 18. múr/mur |
| 19. stir/ring | 20. hér/der | 21. cúr/tain |
| 22. squír/ming | 23. vír/tu/al | 24. char/mer |
| 25. e/nór/mous | 26. im/mor/tál | 27. un/cér/tain/ty |

$r$ - controlled Vowel Syllable Division Worksheet \#10
Word Jumbles
(1) cúr/tain
(2) súl/fur
(3) cír/cum/vent or cir/cum/vént
(4) tér/ror/ist
(5) tár/get/ed or tár/ge/ted

Nonsense Words
(6) larc/lun
(7) sen/ter/ment
(8) slan/birge
(9) or/sham/be
(10) dour/leel/ster

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet \#11

| 1. ex/tén/ded | 2. stóp/ping | 3. stút/ter |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. sin/cére/ly | 5. tý/phoid | 6. slúg/gish/ly |
| 7. im/pór/tant | 8. per/mít/ted | 9. for/gót/ten |
| 10. star/vá/tion | 11. sub/stán/tial | 12. re/ad/mít/ted |
| 13. bóok/worm | 14. séam/stress | 15. kíd/napped |
| 16. stár/ring | 17. im/prín/ted | 18. as/tó/nished |
| 19. dis/cússed | 20. splít/ting | 21. fít/ness |
| 22. mád/ness | 23. glád/den | 24. púr/ring |
| 25. shíp/ment | 26. pre/sen/tá/tion | 27. híc/cupped |

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet \#12

Word Jumbles
(1) stár/ring
(2) dis/cússed
(3) for/gót/ten
(4) re/ad/mít/ted
(5) híc/cupped

## Nonsense Words

(6) de/wap/ping
(7) et/ten/bond
(8) strim/mied
(9) thrun/nerd
(10) clog/gest

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet \#13

| 1. rá/di/os | 2. dis/kétte | 3. vír/tu/ous |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. ró/de/os | 5. pos/séssed | 6. mis/be/há/vior |
| 7. sú/per/he/roes | 8. ún/der/ta/king | 9. be/réave/ment |
| 10. míd/wives | 11. wrít/ten | 12. néigh/bor/hood |
| 13. búd/dies | 14. mí/cro/scope | 15. re/púl/sion |
| 16. món/keys | 17. Míd/dle/ville | 18. mu/tá/tion |
| 19. éye/brows | 20. séal/ant | 21. fúr/i/ous |
| 22. cóu/ches | 23. in/vén/tor | 24. wís/dom |
| 25. in/fá/tu/a/ted | 26. ác/tress | 27. un/kínd/est |

## Inflected Endings Syllable Division Worksheet \#14

Word Jumbles
(1) vír/tu/ous
(2) pos/séssed
(3) mu/tá/tion
(4) éye/brows
(5) in/vén/tor

Nonsense Words
(6) mitch/led
(7) cust/lest
(8) yel/ton/ment
(9) whith/ant or whi/thant
(10) to/lunt/stried or tol/unt/stried

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet \#15

| 1. a/bóut | 2. pré/par/a/to/ry | 3. móun/tain |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. kít/ten | 5. cém/e/te/ry | 6. mís/chie/vous |
| 7. éa/si/ly | 8. en/gi/néer | 9. vé/hi/cle |
| 10. gál/lo/ping | 11. wél/come | 12. pór/poi/ses |
| 13. ap/plí/ca/ble | 14. rep/re/sén/ta/tive | 15. ná/tu/ral |
| 16. math/e/má/tic | 17. dí/a/gram | 18. pér/se/cute |
| 19. dis/cóv/er/y | 20. i/mág/i/nar/y | 21. in/vís/i/ble |
| 22. wón/der/ful | 23. sóph/o/more | 24. mél/o/dy |
| 25. de/lí/ber/ate/ly | 26. sým/pho/ny | 27. tráv/el/ing |

## Schwa Syllable Division Worksheet \#16

Word Jumbles
(1) dí/a/gram
(2) wél/come
(3) en/gi/néer or en/gin/éer
(4) cé/me/ter/y or cém/e/ter/y
(5) re/pre/sén/ta/tive or rep/re/sén/ta/tive or re/pre/sént/a/tive or rep/re/sént/a/tive

## Nonsense Words

(6) $\mathrm{kerl} / \mathrm{ion}$
(7) a/dend/ous or a/den/dous
(8) com/mes/tri/ous
(9) mus/tain/ly
(10) dow/man

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

Consonant-"le" Syllable Division Worksheet \#17

| 1. hán/dle | 2. hás/sled | 3. tríc/kled |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. mú/scle | 5. húm/ble | 6. cát/tle/man |
| 7. sín/gle | 8. púr/ple | 9. rí/fle |
| 10. pád/dling | 11. méa/sles | 12. tíc/klish |
| 13. cír/cling | 14. bót/tle | 15. sét/tle/ment |
| 16. tóg/gle | 17. sám/ple | 18. stí/fle |
| 19. crá/dle | 20. trí/fling | 21. un/búc/kled |
| 22. ún/cle | 23. fá/bled | 24. gén/tle/men |
| 25. en/cír/cle | 26. trí/an/gle | 27. re/shúf/fle |

## Consonant-"le" Syllable Division Worksheet \#18

Word Jumbles
(1) púr/ple
(2) mús/cle
(3) hán/dle
(4) pád/dling or pád/dl/ing
(5) sét/tle/ment

Nonsense Words
(6) mus/gle
(7) la/tle/man
(8) pun/ble/mant
(9) aw/fle/tine
(10) yas/sle/ly

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#19

| 1. com/péte | 2. com/pé/ti/tive | 3. com/pe/tí/tion |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. re/péa/ting | 5. re/pé/ti/tive | 6. re/pe/tí/tious |
| 7. hýp/no/tize | 8. hyp/nó/tic | 9. hyp/nó/sis |
| 10. mét/al | 11. me/tál/lic |  |
| 12. ex/tré/mi/ty | 13. ex/tréme |  |
| 14. ló/cal | 15. lo/cál/i/ty |  |
| 16. dí/ning | 17. dín/ner |  |
| 18. in/sán/i/ty | 19. in/sáne |  |
| 20. pléas/ant | 21. pléas/ing |  |
| 22. pre/súme | 23. pre/súmp/tion | 25. déf/i/ni/tion |
| 24. de/fí/ning | 27. re/cíte |  |
| 26. re/ci/tá/tion |  |  |

## Vowel Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#20

Word Jumbles
(1) re/péa/ting or re/péat/ing
(2) re/pé/ti/tive or re/pét/i/tive
(3) re/pe/tí/tion or rep/e/tí/tion
(4) de/fí/ning or de/fín/ing
(5) de/fi/ní/tion or def/i/ní/tion or de/fin/í/tion

Nonsense Words
(6) quat/tize
(7) quat /ic or qua/tic
(8) quat/ing or qua/ting
(9) quat/ed or qua/ted
(10) quat/ly

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#21

| 1. crít/ic | 2. crít/i/cize | 3. cri/tíque |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. méd/i/cine | 5. méd/i/cal | 6. me/dí/ci/nal |
| 7. pól/i/tics | 8. pol/i/tí/cian | 9. pól/i/cy |
| 10. re/sígn | 11. síg/na/ture |  |
| 12. e/léc/tion | 13. e/léct |  |
| 14. vé/hi/cle | 15. ve/hí/cu/lar |  |
| 16. con/démn | 17. con/dem/ná/tion |  |
| 18. bén/e/fit | 19. ben/e/fí/cial |  |
| 20. di/víde | 21. di/ví/sion |  |
| 22. mág/ic | 23. ma/gí/cian |  |
| 24. cól/lege | 25. col/lé/gi/al |  |
| 26. prác/ti/cal | 27. prác/tice |  |

## Consonant Pronunciation Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#22

## Word Jumbles

(1) pó/li/tics or pól/i/tics
(2) $\mathrm{po} / \mathrm{li} / \mathbf{t} /$ cian or $\mathrm{pol} / \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{i} / \mathbf{i} /$ cian
(3) má/gic or mág/ic
(4) pó/li/cy or pól/i/cy
(5) $\mathrm{ma} / \mathrm{gí} / \mathrm{cian}$

Nonsense Words

| (6) un/de/fit | un/de/fi/cial |
| :--- | :--- |
| (7) ant/cide | ant/ci/di/sion |
| (8) lut/teg | lut/te/gi/al or lut/teg/i/al or lut/te/gial |
| (9) ot/dar/nal or ot/darn/al | ot/dar/ni/nal |
| (10) at/lic | at/li/cian |

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

## Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#23

1. mó/ment
2. $\mathrm{ab} /$ strác/tion
3. bi/o/lóg/i/cal
4. e/léc/tric
5. ál/ler/gy
6. con/sérve
7. mág/net
8. trán/quil
9. pho/tóg/ra/phy
10. pré/view
11. in/júr/i/ous
12. dém/o/crat
13. mo/mén/tous
14. áb/stract
15. bi/ól/o/gy
16. e/lec/tríc/i/ty
17. al/lér/gic
18. con/ser/vá/tion
19. mag/nét/ic
20. tran/quíl/i/ty
21. phó/to/graph
22. pre/víew/ing
23. ín/jur/y
24. de/móc/ra/cy

## Accent Shift Syllable Division Worksheet \#24

## Word Jumbles

(1) al/lér/gic
(2) ál/ler/gy
(3) cón/vict
(4) con/víc/tion

Nonsense Words
(5) pál/ric
(6) trí/serve
(7) nú/quel
(8) dów/ter
(9) clás/ten
(10) tél/i/cal
pal/rí/ci/ty
tri/ser/vá/tion
nu/quél/i/ty
dow/tér/i/ous
clas/tén/a/cy or clas/té/na/cy te/lí/ci/sm

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet \#25

| 1. án/ti/dote | 2. com/mún/i/ty | 3. en/gáge |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. in/ác/tive | 5. re/súr/gence | 6. em/phát/ic |
| 7. im/mó/bile | 8. en/er/gét/ic | 9. nón/sense |
| 10. sú/per/man | 11. un/der/stánd | 12. il/lé/gal |
| 13. ír/ri/tant | 14. déf/i/nite/ly | 15. fóre/word |
| 16. míd/dle | 17. pre/scríp/tion | 18. ó/ver/view |
| 19. un/sán/i/tar/y | 20. sém/i/cir/cle | 21. tráns/port |
| 22. co/óp/er/ate | 23. dis/tín/guish | 24. prós/per |
| 25. con/vén/tion | 26. mis/léad/ing | 27. col/lécts |

## Prefix Syllable Division Worksheet \#26

## Word Jumbles

(1) $\operatorname{com} / \mathrm{mú} / \mathrm{ni} /$ ty or com $/ \mathrm{mún} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{ty}$
(2) il/lé/gal
(3) pre/scríp/tion
(4) dis/tín/guish
(5) con/vén/tion

Nonsense Words
(6) con/tile
(7) re/pense
(8) pre/pert
(9) an/per/tate
(10) fore/ket/ta/ny

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Worksheet Answers

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet \#27

| 1. dis/a/ble | 2. ter/rif/ic | 3. en/vel/ope |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4. $\mathrm{au} / \mathrm{to} / \mathrm{mo} / \mathrm{bile}$ | 5. ex/pen/sive | 6. mar/ry/ing |
| 7. e/vent/ful | 8. ten/ta/tive | 9. base/ment |
| 10. $\mathrm{im} / \mathrm{mun} / \mathrm{i} / \mathrm{ty}$ | 11. com/pet/i/tive | 12. re/view/er |
| 13. rar/i/ty | 14. pe/des/tri/ans | 15. on/ion |
| 16. $\mathrm{ad} / \mathrm{ven} / \mathrm{tur} / \mathrm{ous}$ | 17. re/search/es | 18. na/tion |
| 19. cour/te/ous | 20. tar/get/ed | 21. cre/a/tion |
| 22. cau/tious | 23. fam/i/ly | 24. am/bi/tion |
| 25. re/la/tion/al | 26. care/less | 27. pro/fess |

Suffix Syllable Division Worksheet \#28
Word Jumbles
(1) ter/rí/fic or ter/ríf/ic
(2) már/ry/ing
(3) ré/sear/ches or ré/search/es or re/séar/ches or re/séarch/es
(4) de/lî/cious
(5) én/ve/lope or én/vel/ope or en/vé/lope or en/vél/ope

Nonsense Words
(6) quitch/a/ble
(7) end/mo/ni/ous
(8) le/vu/tion/al
(9) star/tri/an
(10) pant/li/ty

Book Search: The Clarifier shows the worksheet to the teacher to check answers.

## Syllable Rules

Syllable Rule \#1: Every syllable has a vowel. The common vowels are $a, e, i, o$, and $u$.
Syllable Rule \#2: When the vowel is not at the end of a syllable, it has a short sound. The Vowel-Consonant (VC) and Consonant-Vowel-Consonant (CVC) patterns are called closed syllables. For example, bas-ket is a CVC-CVC word with the short vowels $\check{a}$ and $\check{e}$.

Syllable Rule \#3: When the vowel is at the end of a syllable, it has a long sound. The Consonant-Vowel (CV) and Consonant-Consonant-Vowel (CCV) patterns are called open syllables. For example, be-low is a VC-VC word with the long vowels $\bar{a}$ and $\bar{o}$.

Syllable Rule \#4: Vowel digraphs are paired vowels that have only one vowel sound. Usually the first vowel indicates the sound of the vowel digraph. For example, in the word boat, the vowel digraph is "oa" and the sound is /ō/. Usually keep vowel digraphs in the same syllable.

Syllable Rule \#5: Base words are roots that form complete words. A root is the meaning-based syllable that may or may not connect to prefixes or suffixes. Usually keep the original spelling of the base word when connecting to prefixes and suffixes. For example, kick in kicking.

Syllable Rule \#6: Compound words consist of two or three base words (roots that form complete words). Usually keep the original spellings of the base words in compound words. The spelling rules do not change the spelling of the base words. For example, bridesmaid.

Syllable Rule \#7: An incomplete root is the meaning-based syllable that connects to prefixes and/or suffixes. Unlike a base word, the incomplete root is not a complete word. Both ending vowels and consonants can change when connecting to other roots and suffixes. Sometimes a vowel or consonant is either added or dropped. For example, vis in visible.

Syllable Rule \#8: Keep the silent final "e" and the vowel before in the same syllable. The silent final "e" makes the vowel before a long sound if there is only one consonant in between the vowel and the "e". For example, basement.

Syllable Rule \#9: Vowel diphthongs are paired vowels that have two vowel sounds. For example, "au" in sauces. Like vowel digraphs, they stay in the same syllable.

Syllable Rule \#10: Prefixes are meaningful word parts attached to the beginnings of words. More than one prefix can begin a word. For example, mis and under in misunderstand.

Syllable Rule \#11: Suffixes are word parts attached to the endings of words. They can add meaning to the word or indicate a part of speech. More than one suffix can end a word. For example, on and al in seasonal.

Syllable Rule \#12: Consonant digraphs, such as sh, and consonant blends, such as str, stay in the same syllable. For example, shallow and straighten. The /sh/ consonant digraph frequently changes to another consonant sound between different grammatical forms of the same root. For example, /sh/ to /k/ in musician and magic.

Syllable Rule \#13: Keep the $r$-controlled vowels (ar, er, ir, or, and ur) in the same syllable. For example, er-ror.

Syllable Rule \#14: Divide syllables between doubled consonants, for example for-gét-ting, unless the doubled consonant is part of a syllable included in a base word, for example ful-fillment.

Syllable Rule \#15: Some short vowel sounds change to the soft /uh/ schwa sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in cónduct and conductor the "0" changes from a short vowel to a schwa.

Syllable Rule \#16: Some long vowel sounds change to the soft /uh/ schwa sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in repeat and repetition the "e" changes from a long vowel to a schwa.

Syllable Rule \#17: Some long vowel sounds change to the short vowel sound with a different grammatical form of the same word. For example, in nation and national the "a" changes from a long vowel to a short vowel.

Syllable Rule \#18: Some silent consonants are pronounced when connected to different grammatical forms of the same root. For example, numb and number.

Syllable Rule \#19: Many Greek and Latin prefixes change their spellings to match the roots to which they attach in order to make pronunciation easier. For example, in and mobile becomes immobile. These "chameleons" can change either their consonant or vowel spellings.

Syllable Rule \#20: Many Greek and Latin suffixes are morphemes, which means that the word part is meaningful. For example, viewable. Other suffixes serve as inflections, which means that the suffix helps change the part of speech, but does not add meaning to the word. For example, started.

## Accent Rules

Accent Rule \#1: Each word with two or more syllables has one syllable whose vowel is accented. For example, for-gét. Accents are very important to spelling rules. Accented means that the sound of that vowel is stressed, or louder, than those in other syllables.

Accent Rule \#2: A long word may have more than one accent. The vowel that is stressed more or most is called the primary accent. The primary accent is key to many of the spelling rules. A second accented vowel is called the secondary accent. For example, cón-ver-sá-tion. Very long words can have even more stressed vowel sounds, but only one primary accent.

Accent Rule \#3: The primary accent is usually on the root before a double consonant. For example, for-gét-ting.

Accent Rule \#4: Unaccented vowel sounds frequently have the soft /uh/ schwa sound, especially when there is only one letter in the syllable. All vowels can have the schwa sound. For example, the $a$ in $a$-boút.

Accent Rule \#5: The primary accent is usually on the first syllable in two-syllable words. For example, páy-ment.

Accent Rule \#6: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable of two-syllable words that have a prefix in the first syllable and a root in the second syllable. For example, dis-tráct.

Accent Rule \#7: For two-syllable words that act as both nouns and verbs, the primary accent is usually on the prefix (first syllable) of the noun and on the root (second syllable) of the verb. For example, pró-duce as a noun; pro-dúce as a verb.

Accent Rule \#8: The primary accent is usually on the first syllable in three-syllable words, if that syllable is a root. For example, chár-ac-ter.

Accent Rule \#9: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable in three-syllable words that are formed by a prefix-root-suffix. For example, in-vést-ment.

Accent Rule \#10: The primary accent is usually on the second syllable in four-syllable words. For example, in-tél-li-gent.


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