## Comprehensive

 Vocabulary Grade 4

## Slices of the Vocabulary Pie

$\square$ Creek and Latin Morphology $\square$ Multiple Meanings $\square$ Figures of Speech $\square$ Word

Relationships
$\square$ Language Resources
$\square$ Academic
Language
$\square$ Connotations

## Vocabulary Worksheet \#3

## Multiple Meaning Words

Directions: Write the number of the definition that best matches the use of each vocabulary word in the sentence below.

## Vocabulary Words Definitions

staff (n) 1. A specific group of workers.
staff (n) 2. A stick or rod used for support or as a symbol of authority.
The old chief leaned on his wooden staff $\qquad$ , while our office staff $\qquad$ hurried to prepare a comfortable spot for him to sit.

## Greek and Latin Word Parts: Prefixes, Bases, and Suffixes

Directions: For each prefix, base, or suffix, write an example word which includes the word part. Use the word part meanings to help you write your own definition of the vocabulary word.

| Prefix | Base | Suffix | Meaning | Example Words |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| re |  |  | again |  |
|  | sent |  | feeling |  |

resent $\qquad$

## Language Resources: Dictionary and Thesaurus

Directions: Consult a dictionary to divide the vocabulary word into syl/la/bles, mark its primary áccent, list its part of speech, and write its primary definition. Compare to your definition above.
resent ( ) $\qquad$

Directions: Consult a thesaurus to write the two best synonyms for the vocabulary word.
Synonym $\qquad$ Synonym $\qquad$

## Idioms (non-literal expression used by a certain language group)

Directions: As used in the following sentences, interpret or explain the meaning of this idiom: "Get your ducks in a row." Your room is a mess, your backpack hasn't been cleaned out in a month, and you don't even know what day it is. It's time you got your ducks in a row.

## Vocabulary Worksheet \#4

## Word Relationships: Synonyms

Directions: Write one or two sentences using both vocabulary words. Use SALE (Synonym, Antonym, Logic, Example) context clues to show the related meanings of each word.

## Vocabulary Words <br> Definitions

gather (v) To bring together.
collect (v) To keep things of a certain kind.

## Connotations: Shades of Meaning

Directions: Write the vocabulary words where they belong on the $\leftarrow$ Connotation Spectrum. $\rightarrow$
Vocabulary Words Definitions
furious (adj) Really mad.
upset (adj) Unhappy or disappointed.


## Academic Language

Directions: Describe the vocabulary words in each box.

| Vocabulary Word: assess (v) <br> Definition: To determine the value of <br> something. | Similar to... |
| :--- | :--- |
| Different than... | Example, Characteristics, or Picture: |


| Vocabulary Word: assume (v) <br> Definition: To conclude without proof. | Similar to... |
| :--- | :--- |
| Different than... | Example, Characteristics, or Picture: |
|  |  |

## Vocabulary Study Cards \#3 and \#4

| staff | a specific group of workers | staff | a stick or rod used for support or as a symbol of authority |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| re | again | sent | feeling |
| gather | to bring together | collect | to keep things of a certain kind |
| furious | really mad | upset | unhappy or disappointed |
| assess | to determine the value of something | assume | to conclude without proof |

## Vocabulary Test: Lessons 1-4

Directions: Place the capital letter(s) that best matches to the left of the number.
___1. brief
A. To get close to something
2. un
B. To end or bring to a close
3. able
C. To break into parts and examine each part
4. conclude
D. To be able to
5. colossal
E. Extremely and unusually large

## __6. analyze

$A B$. To inform or give a summary of information or events
__7. approach
AC. Not
Directions: Place the capital letter(s) that best matches to the left of the number.
___8. staff
A. Unhappy or disappointed
9. re
B. Feeling
$\qquad$ 10. sent
C. To suppose to be true without evidence
11. collect
D. To determine the value of something
12. upset
E. Again
13. assess
AB. To acquire things of a particular kind
$\qquad$ 14. assume
AC. A specific group of workers

Directions: Write complete sentences, using context clues to show the meaning of the following. 15. Write a sentence showing the meaning of this idiom: "a lot on my plate."
16. Write a sentence showing the meaning of this idiom: "Get your ducks in a row." $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
17. Write a sentence showing the meaning of this word: "unable." $\qquad$
18. Write a sentence showing the meaning of this word: "resent." $\qquad$

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Worksheet

Directions: Print the Double Consonant Division words in the spaces provided. Carefully divide the words into syllables with / marks. Then, write the accent mark ( ${ }^{\prime}$ ) above the primary vowel accent.

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When there are two consonants between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph ( $c h, s h, w h, t h$ ). Usually keep blends together such as $b l, b r$, or $s w$. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their bases when the bases end in $d$ or $t$. Examples: din-ner, com-mit-ted, latch-key, con-fessed.

1. $\qquad$ 2. $\qquad$ 3. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$ 12. $\qquad$
9. $\qquad$
10. $\qquad$ 15. $\qquad$
11. $\qquad$
12. $\qquad$ 18. $\qquad$
13. $\qquad$ 20. $\qquad$ 21. $\qquad$
14. $\qquad$
15. $\qquad$ 24. $\qquad$
16. $\qquad$
17. $\qquad$ 27. $\qquad$

## Double Consonant Syllable Division Answers

1. ex/tén/ded 2. stóp/ping 3. stút/ter4. sin/cére/ly5. tý/phoid6. slúg/gish/ly
2. im/pór/tant8. per/mít/ted9. for/gót/ten
3. star/vá/tion
4. bóok/worm16. stár/ring19. dis/cússed
5. mád/ness 23. glád/den 24. stír/ring
6. shíp/ment20. splít/ting21. fít/ness
7. re/ad/mít/ted
8. kíd/napped
9. im/prín/ted
10. as/tó/ni/shing
11. fít/ness
12. pre/sen/tá/tion 27. híc/cupped

Double Consonant Syllable Rule: When there are two consonants between two vowels in a word, divide the syllable between the consonants. Exceptions: Don't divide between the consonants of a digraph ( $c h, s h, w h, t h$ ). Usually keep blends together such as $b l, b r$, or $s w$. Only separate ending "ed" suffixes from their bases when the bases end in $d$ or $t$. Examples: din-ner, com-mit-ted, latch-key con-fessed.

## Context Clues Worksheet Answers

Correction Note: Many times a combination of context clue categories may help readers find the meaning of unknown words. Students may wish to share why they identified a different
SALE context clues category.

## SALE Context Clues

Synonym-Sometimes an unknown word is defined by the use of a word that is similar in meaning.
Antonym-Sometimes an unknown word is defined by the use of word that is different or opposite in meaning.
Logic-Sometimes an unknown word is explained by the use of other words.
Example-Sometimes an unknown word is defined by example words or is used as part of list of similar examples.

## The Laurho Dinner Party

Last Ertoke $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ just before Christmas, I had the extreme pleasure of boarding Air Force One and flying across the Atlantic to attend an important government dinner in a distant laurho $\qquad$ __Logic $\qquad$ . What a party it was with delicious swenjusa $\qquad$ food Example $\qquad$ and festive drinks!

The dining room was beautifully decorated and tinsel, lights, and bulbs hung splendidly on the twenty-foot Christmas terraza _ tree $\quad$ Example.

The dress was yontuk $\qquad$ casual , ___Antonym $\qquad$ not formal, and the ladies enjoyed wearing their floor-length goreds $\qquad$
$\qquad$ .

After dinner a young westy $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ Princess Styvault, sang a wonderful medley of show tunes and folk songs, accompanied by the brilliant Monsieur Pierrot, who tinkled the ivories on the soto $\qquad$ piano Example .

## Vocabulary Steps

Directions: Some vocabulary words require a basic understanding; others require full understanding. Study the example to see how completing the Sentence Frames helps deepen your understanding of the Vocabulary Word. Then complete the sentence frames to define a word that your teacher assigns.

## Sentence Frames

## Vocabulary Word: democracy

full understanding

It's important because...

It's different than
$\qquad$ because...

It's the same as
$\qquad$ because...

Examples of it would be... It's an example of the following...
it's what our levels of government practice a republic because a republic has a Constitution a republic because both have citizens who are allowed to vote direct democracy like a club, representative democracy like Student Council ways decisions are made in governments and organizations.

## basic understanding

## Sentence Frames

## Vocabulary Word:

$\qquad$
full understanding
It's important because...

## It's different than

$\qquad$ because...
It's the same as
$\qquad$ because...
Examples of it
would be...
It's an example of the $\qquad$ following... $\qquad$

## basic understanding

## Lessons 1-4 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases |  | Free Bases |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (Placed before a base. Spell 'em; don't say'em.) | (Needs preflx or suffix to make a word) | (Stands alone as a word) | Suffixes |
| Un re |  | able | Sent |

More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.
Connectors
a e i o u e

## Lessons 5-8 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases | Free Bases | Suffixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (Stands alone as a word) able sent it |  |

## More Words

To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e i o u e

## Lessons 9-12 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases | Free Bases | Suffixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| un re in dis en | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Neods prefix or sulfix to make a word) } \\ & \text { san cred dur tract } \end{aligned}$ | (Stands alone as a word) <br> able sent it |  |

## More Words

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 13-16 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases | Free Bases | Suffixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (Placed before a base. Spell 'em; dont say'em) } \\ & \begin{array}{l\|l\|l\|l\|l} \text { un } & \text { re } & \text { in dis en } \\ \text { at } & \text { in over } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | able sent it act |  |

## More Words

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 17-20 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases | Free Bases | Suffixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Placed before a base. Spell 'em; don't say 'em.) $\frac{\text { un }}{\text { at }} \underset{\text { in }}{\text { re }} \underset{\text { in }}{\text { dis }} \frac{\text { en }}{\text { mis }}$ | (Needs prefix or suffix to make a word) | able sent it act |  |

## More Words

 To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.
## Connectors

a e io u e

## Lessons 21-24 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e io u e

## Lessons 25-28 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 29-32 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 33-36 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls

| Prefixes | Bound Bases | Free Bases | Suffixes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (stancolalone sa a wror)   <br> able sent  <br> port it act <br> super   | (Placed after the base. Spell 'em; don't say 'em.) <br> or |

More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 37-40 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 41-44 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



## More Words

 To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.Connectors
a e io u e

## Lessons 45-48 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a eiou e

## Lessons 49-52 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



## More Words

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Lessons 53-56 Review: Greek and Latin Morphology Walls



More Words
To move word parts: Right click, copy, paste, drag. To align textboxes: Hold shift, click two or more, Arrange, Align.

## Connectors

a e iou e

## Grade 4 Academic Language Assessment

Form description

Email address *
Valid email address

This form is collecting email addresses. Change settings
Fesses tree e var frit name: Diagnostic and Final

Short answer text Grade-level Assessment of Academic Vocabulary (based upon the research-
Please type your last name. * based Academic Words List)

Short answer text
https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1Zgmeroqn7-omCXJADvx4vpB040AuoUfpkliYg9-dJ8/copy

Matching Section 1: select the circle which best matches the numbered words in the left column.
analyze approach assess assume authority available benefit concept

The powe...


To get cl...


## Grade 4 Vocabulary Tests: Lessons 1-56

## Lessons 1-4 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1kGSN87W3eKsMAF106RhbcFUdXWNu-FI4FX UNISPUeU/copy

## Lessons 5-8 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1HaXyVDsab9r-J7kpRuTddX1B7aO5zv9-xkEukQhvn28/copy?pli=1
Lessons 9-12 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1KhyFKVFk4h4rdz1s6yJjx|3KeJTCqahaPdvezQ4tllo/copy?pli=1

## Lessons 13-16 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1SCXTVAPHIDQ6FeNxP5wk-9YDcg2GNB3u3A1IOR46Nrs/copy?pli=1
Lessons 17-20 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1qTCLWLhZrmfiLmhlwmG0wVLwmMXvv7aLfJHoxYIQCIM/copy?pli=1
Lessons 21-24 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1JDpQmtikVMBx8htPwc6UbmlcsMuP6XGl8D0gHhUvNHo/copy?pli=1
Lessons 25-28 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/19yEShZiEfPUYieF ccJOJIzmM7wensVrBk8htYg8gzw/copy?pli=1
Lessons 29-32 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1V0pt9SyMyeMJBbOSViuiXYxzfPyabsoAKrDzGo7XGCc/copy?pli=1

## Lessons 33-36 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1 TepanzgKHTInGEopgSkp3d76-L8aJP-K 0T-4fgiQ3E/copy?pli=1
Lessons 37-40 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/198NiR7KjFJ23PUwddsUivgYteliSdM0yioYR7pev8Mg/copy?pli=1

## Lessons 41-44 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1L5mt Fui15td9pgeJK2RCAGEZSaV5HGpURiTMEsutrM/copy?pli=1
Lessons 45-48 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1dHTyqSV J2yl6w1UebR82N9kqCZF1bDwE5hQ8Tgg6mU/copy?pli=1

## Lessons 49-52 Test:

https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/1sSvN1u8Q1ba4FQD9w1tlp4dkwLg1p35X-31s01ccJoY/copy?pli=1
Lessons 53-56 Test:
https://docs.google.com/forms/u/0/d/15nCIQqUbt8is30CZtDy9qTwG3XRpHG5qaBYWNU3EU5Q/copy?pli=1

